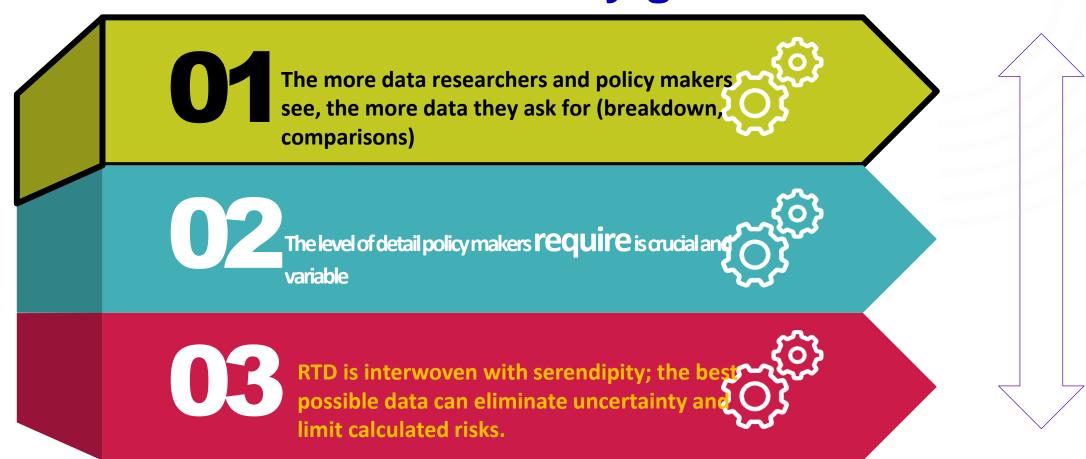


What do policy makers want? What can they get?





Al-driven Policy Intelligence

Deliver a data platform to assist and facilitate the whole-spectrum of RTD Policy

- **1.** The Cycle: Design, Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation
- 2. The seven functions: Entrepreneurial activity; Knowledge creation; Knowledge diffusion; Guidance; Market formation; Resources mobilization; Creation of legitimacy/counteract resistance to change





		Policy formulation and Policy adoption	•	Evaluation
activity	Which companies emerge with specific disruptive technologies in the country? Globally? In the microregion?	created in success cases		Economic results Social impact
Knowledge creation	emerging scientific areas in the country? Globally? In the microregion?		Response by research	Scientific and technological results; new research topics
through networks:	Are there any networks, clusters, trainings, intermediaries in the topic?	appropriate intermediaries	Creation of calls Response by associations and intermediaries	Behavioural changes
	developed linked to			Access to appropriate evaluators Societal challenges met
iviarice formation	appropriate regulation, incentives, procurement	framework Potential procurement needs Tax policies	Procurement implemented Tax credit applications	Regulatory burdens; regulatory /policy impacts
	necessary for the technology? Are there international funding		Time to contract	Private returns on investment Social returns on investment
Creation of		technology friendliness	••	Feedback from associations/civil society(digital tools)

OPIX DATA DRIVEN INSIGHTS

The history of RTD Policy Intelligence

In the past data was gathered by surveys, interviews and case studies, which remain an excellent source of evidence but have two major drawbacks:

- They are inherently biased (who responds and what he/she says).
- Beneficiaries are fed up with receiving requests for surveys and interviews.

Then came aggregated data (National Statistical Offices, EU, OECD, UN)

- ❖ They are never at the level policy makers want them
- ❖ They are always pointing at the past rather than the future

So Policy makers want more. Here comes Al



What/how can AI cover the needs?

- ❖ Time dimension: organise data to be available for Hindsight, Now Sight and Foresight
- Type of data: Science, Technology, Economic and Social Impact
- Level of detail: Standard classifications (NACE, FoS, IPC, SDGs, ESGs.....) lowest possible and all aggregation.
- ❖ New Classifications: identify hidden issues





Delivery

- Basic knowledge (STI viewer): selected indicators
- Data for own processing (xls): "all possible indicators", suggestions and freedom to experiment
- Detailed explanations (what, how, why)
- ❖ Training for "experimenting" with the data





Thank you!



